

Palazzo del Ghiaccio

History

The Palazzo del Ghiaccio in Milan is a beautiful Liberty style building that was heavily promoted by the national figure skating champion, Count Alberto Bonacossa.

It opened on 28 December 1923 and its 1800 square metre rink made the Palazzo del Ghiaccio the largest covered ice-skating rink in Europe and one of the largest in the world at that time. The imposing roof made of iron, wood and glass was a successful combination of architectural virtuosity and engineering precision.

The Palazzo del Ghiaccio was not spared during the air raids of the Second World War and its internal decorations were severely damaged. It reopened to the public after the war and remained operational until 2002.

The major refurbishment work, which was completed in 2007, restored the pre-existing functions of the building, while re-qualifying and rationalising the spaces from an architectural perspective.

For more information: <http://www.palazzodelghiaccio.it/en/>

Gala Dinner

Dinner will be served in the stunning parterre of more than 2400 square metres, the main hall which is overlooked by other spaces of different dimensions on various floors.

Address

Palazzo del Ghiaccio
Via G. B. Piranesi 14
20137 Milano

How to arrive

The Palazzo del Ghiaccio is 4 km from Milan's Linate airport. It can be easily reached by car or public transport:

Rail: "Porta Vittoria" Station – Line "Passante Ferroviario" (blue line)

Bus: 45 and 73 (connection to underground line 1, San Babila stop)

Tram: 27 and 12

Trolley bus: 90, 91 and 93

